

Subfactor Fusion Categories — from Ising to Haagerup

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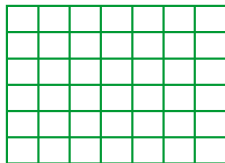


Collaborator : Terry Gannon

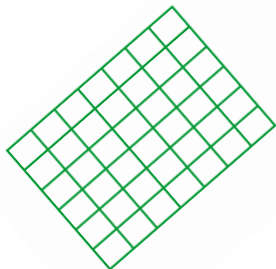
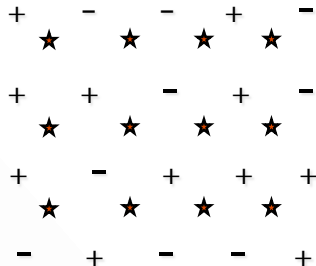
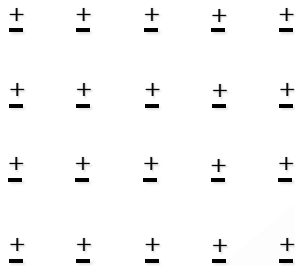
- subfactors and fusion rings
- Ising model and conformal field theory
- exotic subfactors and exotic modular tensor categories

Ising

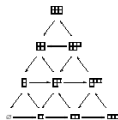
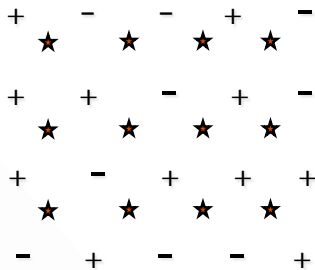
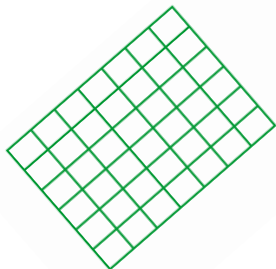
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Ising



SU(n) models



Subfactors

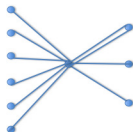
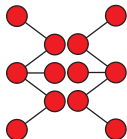
$$N \subset M$$

$$\rho : M \rightarrow N, \quad \bar{\rho} : N \rightarrow M \quad \rho\bar{\rho} \succeq id_N$$

ρ generates N - N , N - M , M - N , M - M sectors

$\rho\bar{\rho}$, $\rho\bar{\rho}\rho$, $\bar{\rho}\rho\bar{\rho}$ etc

fusion graphs — principal graphs, dual principal graphs etc



$$\text{Ising } H(\sigma) = \sum_{\alpha, \beta} J \sigma_{\alpha} \sigma_{\beta}$$

$$Z = \sum_{\sigma} \exp(-H(\sigma)) = \sum \prod \text{ Boltzmann weights}$$

$$T = V^{1/2} W V^{1/2} = e^{-\mathcal{H}}$$



$$V = \exp K \sum \sigma_j^x \sigma_{j+1}^x$$

$$W = \exp L^* \sum \sigma_j^z$$

$$\sigma^x = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\sigma^z = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\alpha_t = T^{it}(\)T^{-it} = \text{Ad } e^{i\mathcal{H}t} \text{ on } M_2 \otimes M_2 \otimes \dots$$

$$\phi_0^+ = \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}} \omega \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\phi_\infty^+ = \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}} \omega \begin{pmatrix} 1/\sqrt{2} \\ 1/\sqrt{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\omega_\zeta \mathbf{A} = \langle \mathbf{A}\zeta, \zeta \rangle$$

$$\phi_0^- = \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}} \omega \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\phi_0^+ = \phi_\infty \nu$$

$$\nu : \sigma_j^x \sigma_{j+1}^x \leftrightarrow \sigma_j^z$$

$$\nu^2 = \text{shift on even algebra } \sigma_j^z \rightarrow \sigma_{j+1}^z \quad \sigma_j^x \sigma_{j+1}^x \rightarrow \sigma_{j+1}^x \sigma_{j+2}^x$$

$$\nu \sigma_j^z = \sigma_j^x \sigma_{j+1}^x$$

$$\nu \sigma_j^x = \sigma_1^z \sigma_2^z \cdots \sigma_j^z$$

$$\nu^2 \sigma_j^z = \sigma_{j+1}^z$$

$$\nu^2 \sigma_j^x = \sigma_1^x \sigma_{j+1}^x$$

Ising sectors

$M_2 \otimes M_2 \otimes M_2 \otimes M_2 \otimes \cdots \subset$ Cuntz algebra $\mathcal{O}_2 = C^*(s_+, s_-)$

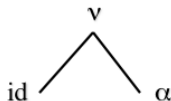
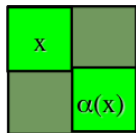
$$s_+ s_+^* + s_- s_-^* = 1$$

$$\nu(s_+ \pm s_-) = \sqrt{2}(s_+ s_{\pm} s_{\pm}^* + s_- s_{\mp} s_{\mp}^*)$$

$$\nu^2(x) = s_+ x s_+^* + s_- \alpha x s_-^*$$

$$\alpha : s_+ \leftrightarrow s_-$$

$$\nu^2 = id + \alpha$$



Braided Subfactors

λ endomorphism, N type III₁ factor: $\lambda\mu = \sum_{\nu} N_{\lambda\mu}^{\nu} \nu$

$$\lambda\mu = \text{Ad}u(\lambda, \mu)\mu\lambda, \quad u(\lambda, \mu) = \begin{array}{c} \diagup \quad \diagdown \\ \diagdown \quad \diagup \end{array}$$

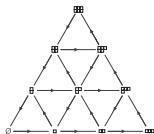
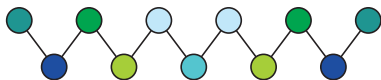
$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow [S_{\lambda\mu}] \quad \begin{array}{c} \lambda \quad \mu \\ \bigcirc \quad \bigcirc \end{array} \quad \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow [T_{\lambda\mu}] \quad \begin{array}{c} | \\ \bigcirc \quad | \\ \downarrow \lambda \end{array}$$

Braided Subfactors

- Loop groups $SU(2), \dots, SU(N)$ etc
 $\pi_\lambda(L_I SU(n))'' \subset \pi_\lambda(L_{I'} SU(n))'$
 $\lambda = 0 : N = N, III_1 \text{ factor,}$

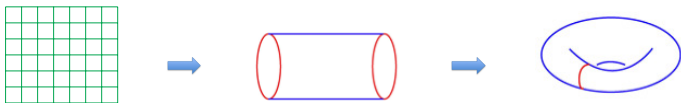
Wassermann

$$\lambda N \subset N$$



- Quantum double of finite group, Haagerup subfactor etc
 \mathcal{X} on $N : A \subset N \otimes N^{opp}$, can endo $\sum_{\lambda \in \mathcal{X}} \lambda \otimes \lambda^{opp}$ Ocneanu Izumi

Modular Invariants



$$\begin{aligned} Z &\rightarrow \text{tr} e^{2\pi i\tau(L_0 - c/24)} e^{-2\pi i\bar{\tau}(\bar{L}_0 - c/24)} \\ &= \sum Z_{\lambda\mu} ch_{\lambda}(\tau) ch_{\mu}(\tau)^* = Z(\tau) = Z((a\tau + b)/(c\tau + d)) \end{aligned}$$

$$ch = \text{trace } q^{L_0 - c/24} \quad q = e^{2\pi i\tau}$$

Understand:

$$Z = [Z_{\lambda\mu}] \in SL(2, \mathbb{Z})'$$

$$Z_{\lambda\mu} \in 0, 1, 2, 3, \dots$$

$$Z_{00} = 1$$

Ising Model

Dynkin diagram A_3 , $\lambda \in \{\bullet, +, -\}$

Fermions $g_a : a \in \mathbb{N} - 1/2$ or \mathbb{N}

$$L_0 = \sum_{r \in \mathbb{N} - 1/2} r g_r^* g_r \rightarrow \chi_{\pm}$$

$$L_0 = \sum_{n \in \mathbb{N}} n g_n^* g_n \rightarrow \chi_{\bullet}$$

$$\chi_{+} \pm \chi_{-} = q^{-1/48} \prod_{n \in \mathbb{N}} (1 \pm q^{n-1/2})$$

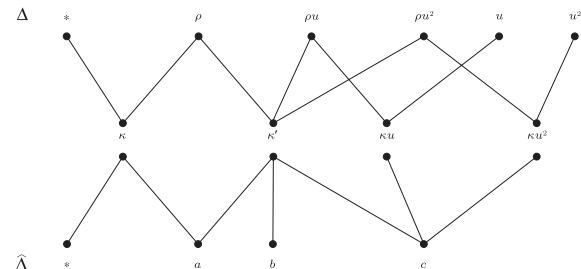
$$\chi_{\bullet} = q^{1/24} \prod_{n \in \mathbb{N}} (1 + q^n)$$

$$\chi = \text{trace } q^{L_0 - c/24} \quad q = e^{2\pi i \tau}$$

$$\tau \rightarrow -1/\tau \quad S = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \sqrt{2} & 1 \\ \sqrt{2} & 0 & 1 - \sqrt{2} \\ 1 & -\sqrt{2} & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\tau \rightarrow \tau + 1 \quad T = \text{diag}(e^{-\pi i/24}, e^{-\pi i/12}, e^{-\pi i 23/24})$$

Principal graphs of the Haagerup $(5 + \sqrt{13})/2$ subfactor

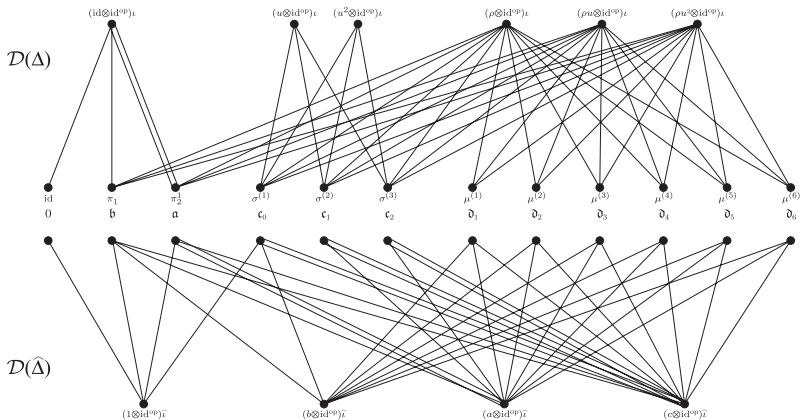


$$\alpha^3 = 1, \quad \rho\alpha = \alpha^2\rho, \quad \rho^2 = 1 + \rho + \rho\alpha + \rho\alpha^2$$

$$d_\rho^2 = 1 + 3d_\rho; \quad d_\rho = (3 + \sqrt{13})/2$$

$$d_\rho = [M, \rho M]^{1/2}$$

<i>Group</i>	$\nu^2 + 4$	$\#$ <i>subfactors</i>	
0	5	1	A_4 subfactor
\mathbb{Z}_3	13	1	Haagerup
\mathbb{Z}_5	29	1	Izumi
$\mathbb{Z}_3 \times \mathbb{Z}_3$	85	0	Izumi
\mathbb{Z}_7	53	1	
\mathbb{Z}_9	$85 = 5.17$	2	
\mathbb{Z}_{11}	$125 = 5^3$	2	E – Gannon
\mathbb{Z}_{13}	173	1	
\mathbb{Z}_{15}	229	1	
\mathbb{Z}_{17}	293	1	
\mathbb{Z}_{19}	$365 = 5.73$	2	



Dual principal graphs for doubles of Δ and $\widehat{\Delta}$ for Haagerup

$$\begin{aligned}
 |ch_0 + ch_b + 2ch_a|^2 &= Z_{\Delta} \\
 |ch_0 + ch_b + ch_a + ch_{c_0}|^2 &= Z_{\widehat{\Delta}}
 \end{aligned}$$

Modular data for Haagerup \mathcal{DHg}

$$S = \frac{1}{3} \begin{pmatrix} x & 1-x & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & y & y & y & y & y & y \\ 1-x & x & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & -y & -y & -y & -y & -y & -y \\ 1 & 1 & 2 & -1 & -1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 & 2 & -1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 & -1 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 & 2 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ y & -y & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & c(1) & c(2) & c(3) & c(4) & c(5) & c(6) \\ y & -y & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & c(2) & c(4) & c(6) & c(5) & c(3) & c(1) \\ y & -y & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & c(3) & c(6) & c(4) & c(1) & c(2) & c(5) \\ y & -y & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & c(4) & c(5) & c(1) & c(3) & c(6) & c(2) \\ y & -y & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & c(5) & c(3) & c(2) & c(6) & c(1) & c(4) \\ y & -y & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & c(6) & c(1) & c(5) & c(2) & c(4) & c(3) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$T = \text{diag}(1, 1, 1, 1, \xi_3, \bar{\xi}_3, \xi_{13}^6, \xi_{13}^{-2}, \xi_{13}^2, \xi_{13}^5, \xi_{13}^{-6}, \xi_{13}^{-5})$$

$$x = (13 - 3\sqrt{13})/26 \quad y = 3/\sqrt{13} \quad c(j) = -2y \cos(2\pi j/13) \quad \xi = e^{2\pi i/13}$$

$$N_{i,j}^k = \sum_l \frac{S_{i,l}}{S_{0,l}} S_{j,l} S_{k,l}^*, \quad S_{i,j} = \bar{T}_{i,i} \bar{T}_{j,j} T_{0,0} \sum_k T_{k,k} S_{k,0} N_{i,j}^k.$$

Modular data for $SO(13)_2$

$$S = \frac{1}{3} \begin{pmatrix} y/2 & y/2 & 3/2 & 3/2 & y & y & y & y & y & y \\ y/2 & y/2 & -3/2 & -3/2 & y & y & y & y & y & y \\ 3/2 & -3/2 & 3/2 & -3/2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 3/2 & -3/2 & -3/2 & 3/2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ y & y & 0 & 0 & -c(1) & -c(2) & -c(3) & -c(4) & -c(5) & -c(6) \\ y & y & 0 & 0 & -c(2) & -c(4) & -c(6) & -c(5) & -c(3) & -c(1) \\ y & y & 0 & 0 & -c(3) & -c(6) & -c(4) & -c(1) & -c(2) & -c(5) \\ y & y & 0 & 0 & -c(4) & -c(5) & -c(1) & -c(3) & -c(6) & -c(2) \\ y & y & 0 & 0 & -c(5) & -c(3) & -c(2) & -c(6) & -c(1) & -c(4) \\ y & y & 0 & 0 & -c(6) & -c(1) & -c(5) & -c(2) & -c(4) & -c(3) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$T = \text{diag}(-1, -1; -i, i; -\xi^{6/2})$$

$$y = 3/\sqrt{13} \quad c(j) = -2y \cos(2\pi j/13) \quad \xi = e^{2\pi i/13}$$

Characters for \mathcal{DHg} , $c = 8$, $\gamma = 0, 1$

$$\begin{pmatrix}
 ch_0(\tau) \\
 ch_b(\tau) \\
 ch_a(\tau) = ch_{c_0}(\tau) \\
 ch_{c_1}(\tau) \\
 ch_{c_2}(\tau) \\
 ch_{\mathcal{D}_1}(\tau) \\
 ch_{\mathcal{D}_2}(\tau) \\
 ch_{\mathcal{D}_3}(\tau) \\
 ch_{\mathcal{D}_4}(\tau) \\
 ch_{\mathcal{D}_5}(\tau) \\
 ch_{\mathcal{D}_6}(\tau)
 \end{pmatrix}
 =
 \begin{pmatrix}
 q^{2/3} \left(q^{-1} + (6 + 13\gamma) + (120 + 78\gamma)q + (956 + 351\gamma)q^2 + (6010 + 1235\gamma)q^3 + \dots \right) \\
 q^{2/3} \left((80 - 13\gamma) + (1250 - 78\gamma)q + (10630 - 351\gamma)q^2 + (65042 - 1235\gamma)q^3 + \dots \right) \\
 q^{2/3} \left(81 + 1377q + 11583q^2 + 71037q^3 + \dots \right) \\
 3 + 243q + 2916q^2 + 21870q^3 + \dots \\
 q^{1/3} \left(27 + 594q + 5967q^2 + 39852q^3 + \dots \right) \\
 q^{5/39} \left((7 - \gamma) + (292 - 6\gamma)q + (3204 - 43\gamma)q^2 + (23010 - 146\gamma)q^3 + \dots \right) \\
 q^{20/39} \left((42 + 16\gamma) + (777 + 121\gamma)q + (7147 + 547\gamma)q^2 + (45367 + 2000\gamma)q^3 + \dots \right) \\
 q^{32/39} \left(\gamma q^{-1} + (11\gamma + 119) + (73\gamma + 1623)q + (300\gamma + 12996)q^2 + (76429 + 1063\gamma)q^3 + \dots \right) \\
 q^{2/39} \left((5 - 3\gamma) + (229 - 50\gamma)q + (2738 - 252\gamma)q^2 + (19942 - 1032\gamma)q^3 + \dots \right) \\
 q^{8/39} \left((13 - 5\gamma) + (347 - 37\gamma)q + (3804 - 212\gamma)q^2 + (26390 - 794\gamma)q^3 + \dots \right) \\
 q^{11/39} \left((14 + 7\gamma) + (441 + 61\gamma)q + (4445 + 303\gamma)q^2 + (30329 + 1167\gamma)q^3 + \dots \right)
 \end{pmatrix}$$

