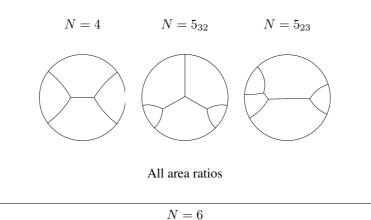
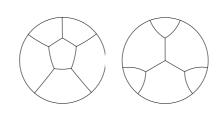
CANDIDATE SOLUTIONS TO BIDISPERSE PARTITIONS OF THE DISC

We present conjectured candidates for the least perimeter partition of a disc into $N \leq 10$ regions which take one of two possible areas. We assume that the optimal partition is connected, and therefore enumerate all three-connected simple cubic graphs for each N. Candidate structures are obtained by assigning different areas to the regions: for even N there are N/2 regions of one area and N/2 regions of the other, and for odd N we consider both cases, i.e. where the extra region takes either the larger or the smaller area. The perimeter of each candidate is found numerically for a few representative area ratios, and then the data is interpolated to give the conjectured least perimeter candidate for all possible area ratios. At larger N we find that these candidates are best for a more limited range of the area ratio.

For further details see the article: Least-perimeter partition of the disc into N regions of two different areas Francis Headley, Simon Cox https://arxiv.org/abs/1901.00319

This document gives the topology of the conjectured least perimeter candidates for each N, with a particular geometry shown for a representative area ratio A_r for which it is optimal, and the range of area ratio for which we conjecture that it is optimal.





 $A_r \le 2.60 \qquad \qquad A_r \ge 2.60$

 $N = 7_{43}$

